Change is in the Air: Taking Initiative Towards a Tobacco-Free Texas

Tuesday, February 7th, 2017 | 2:00-3:30 pm EST

Lorraine Reitzel, PhD
Cho Lam, PhD
Timothy Stacey, MS, LPC
Bryce Kyburz, MA









Welcome!

Krystle Canare

- Project Coordinator, Public Policy & Practice Improvement
- National Behavioral Health Network for Tobacco & Cancer Control
- National Council for Behavioral Health
- KrystleC@thenationalcouncil.org



Lea Simms

- Policy Assistant, Public Policy & Practice Improvement
- National Behavioral Health Network for Tobacco & Cancer Control
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- <u>LeaS@thenationalcouncil.org</u>







- Jointly funded by CDC's Office on Smoking & Health & Division of Cancer Prevention & Control
- Provides resources and tools to help organizations reduce tobacco use and cancer among people with mental illness and addictions
- 1 of 8 CDC National Networks to eliminate cancer and tobacco disparities in priority populations

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Want your organization to go tobacco-free & integrate tobacco cessation services?







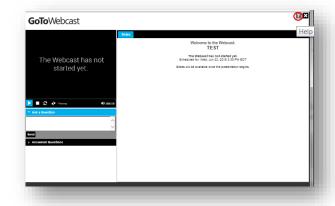




Housekeeping

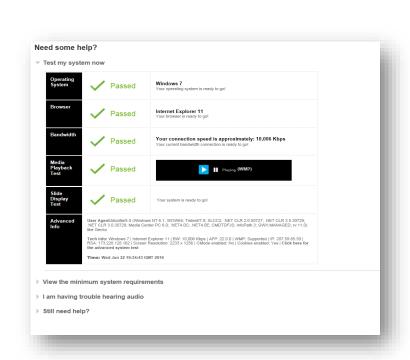
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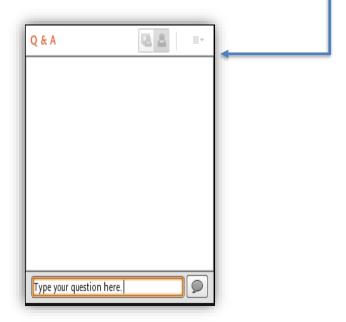
QUESTIONS?



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The best way to ask a question is to type it into the Questions box in your WebCast window.







Agenda

- Resources Overview
- Making the Case for Integrating Tobacco Cessation Practices and Creating Tobacco-Free Policies
- Taking Texas Tobacco Free Initiative: Overview and Impact
- Program Components, Resources, and Lessons Learned
- Question & Answer





Download resources during this webinar!

http://www.takingtexastobaccofree.com

- Tobacco educational tools, pamphlets, & worksheets
- PowerPoints for tobacco cessation trainings
- Examples of Tobacco Free policies
- Printable Campus Signage
- Examples of "tobacco no hire" policies
- Technical Assistance Resources





The mission of Taking Texas Tobacco Free is promoting wellness among Texans by partnering with healthcare organizations to build capacity for system-wide, sustainable initiatives that will reduce tobacco use and secondhand smoke exposure among employees, consumers, and visitors.







Guest Speaker #1



Lorraine R. Reitzel, Ph.D.

- Associate Professor & Associate Chair,
 Department of Psychological, Health & Learning Sciences
- Co-Director, HEALTH Research Institute
- University of Houston
- Co-PD of original CPRIT-funded TTTF program (PP130032) and PD of follow-up CPRIT-funded TTTF dissemination and implementation grant (PP160081)





Project Partners and Affiliates



Cho Lam, PhD Project Director



Lorraine Reitzel, PhD Project Director



Bill Wilson, DrPH Project Director





CANCER PREVENTION & RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF TEXAS





UNIVERSITY of HOUSTON

PSYCHOLOGICAL, HEALTH, & LEARNING SCIENCES



Virmarie Correa-Fernandez, PhD Project Collaborator



Bryce Kyburz, MA Project Collaborator



Tim Stacey, MS Project Collaborator



Teresa Williams, MS Project Collaborator



Brittany Alderman, BA Project Administration



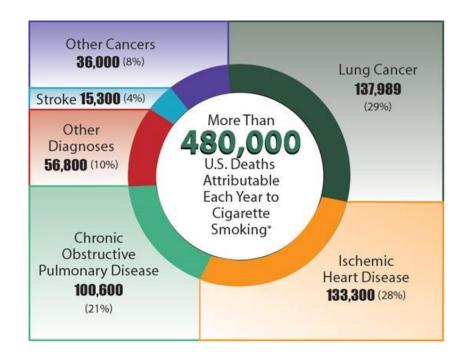
Hannah LeBlanc, BS Graduate Assistant





Why is addressing tobacco use important?

- At least 10 types of cancer (lung, esophagus, larynx, mouth, throat, kidney, bladder, pancreas, stomach, cervix) (NCI)
- 30% of all cancer deaths (CDC)
- 90% of all lung cancer deaths (ACS)
- Numerous other medical conditions (e.g., strokes, COPD, reduced fertility, heart disease)



Source: The Health Consequences of Smoking— 50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General, 2014





Smoking costs:

- > Annual excess costs to employ smokers is \$5816 (Berman et al., 2016, Tob Control)
- > Smoking linked to \$278 billion in annual losses for U.S. employers (Witters & Agrawal, 2013, Gallup)
- > 60% of annual smoking-attributable healthcare spending is paid by *public* programs (e.g., Medicare) (Xu et al., 2014, Am J Prev Med)
- Tobacco cessation programs have a significant ROI:
 - > Every \$1 in program costs was associated with \$3.12 in medical savings = \$2.12 ROI (Medicaid cessation program in Massachusetts; Richard et al., 2012, PLoS One)
 - > Between 1989-2008, the CA Tobacco Program cost \$2.4 billion and led to cumulative healthcare expenditure savings of \$134 billion (Lightwood & Glanz, 2012, PLoS One)



http://www.denverwebsuccess.com/i/pages/denver-website-roi.jpg



http://www.cutterlegal.com/368/



http://ruralhealthlink.org/portals/0/Images/ROI.jpg





Why tobacco use in Texas?

- Cigarette smoking in Texas
 - >15.9% (over 3 million people)



https://i.cbc.ca/1.1982854.1381556666!/httplmage/image.jpg_g en/derivatives/16x9_620/li-cigarette-warnings-00864.jpg

 Tobacco use is decreasing in Texas, but there still is no bigger factor in preventable death and disability in Texas than tobacco use.

 Texas still has a higher rate of death attributable to smoking — 273 per 100,000 — than the rest of the United States.

Taken from: Texas Public Health Coalition

- Reduce the Toll of Tobacco in Texas





Isn't tobacco use already being addressed in Texas?

Did your **STATE** make the **GRADE**?

TEXAS









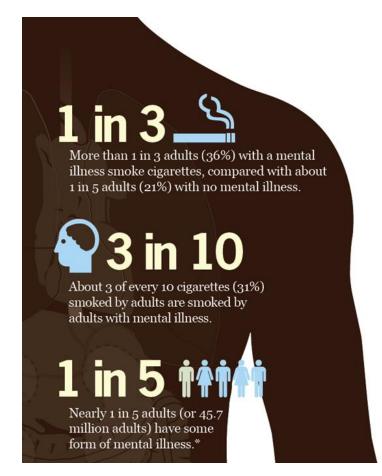


Why individuals with behavioral health care needs?

Tobacco use is increasingly concentrated in certain groups and geographic areas

- >Socioeconomically deprived
- >Individuals with mental and behavioral health needs (including substance users)
- >Individuals with chronic health conditions
- >Rural areas

These represent priority groups for the uptake of effective interventions.



CDC. Vital Signs, Feb. 2013





Why do individuals with behavioral health care needs use tobacco at higher rates?

- Are often directly targeted for tobacco marketing
- Are at higher risk for tobacco use because of the mood-altering effects of nicotine
- Are more likely to be poor and have stressful living conditions
- Lack access to health insurance, health care, and help to quit



http://cimg3.ibsrv.net/cimg/www.soberrecovery.com/619x412_ 85/815/shame-122815.png



Won't tobacco use cessation compromise mental health recovery?

- Quitting smoking was associated with reduced depression, anxiety, and stress and improved positive mood and quality of life compared with continuing to smoke (Taylor et al., 2014)
 - > effect size seems as large for those with psychiatric disorders as those without.
 - > effect sizes are equal or larger than those of antidepressant treatment for mood and anxiety disorders.
- And... risk reduction for mood/anxiety or alcohol use disorder, even among smokers with a diagnosis by history (Cavazos et al., 2014)



Doesn't smoking cessation increase suicide risk?

Compared to nonsmokers, current smokers were at 2x higher risk of:

- suicidal ideation,
- suicide plan,
- suicide attempt, and
- suicide death.

Recent meta-analysis (2016, PloS ONE)



But won't it compromise substance use recovery?

- Smoking cessation interventions were associated with 25% increased likelihood of long-term abstinence (Prochaska, 2004)
- Patients who quit smoking were significantly more likely to report non-nicotine substance use abstinence at follow-up 93% vs. 62% (Joseph, 2005)
 - > Smoking abstinence was associated with fewer drinking days (P = 0.03), fewer drinks consumed on drinking days (P = 0.01), and lower odds of heavy drinking (P = 0.05); and no differences in the number of days of cocaine, marijuana/hashish, heroin or any drug use (Reitzel et al., 2014, Addiction)
- Tobacco use can harm recovery and trigger other substance use (Williams, 2005; APA, 2006)
- 50% of people in substance abuse recovery who continue to smoke die of tobacco related illness.



Do tobacco users in these settings really want to quit?

Yes, they do.

From the CDC:

Recent research has shown that adult smokers with mental illness—like other smokers—want to quit, can quit, and benefit from proven stop-smoking treatments. These treatments need to be made available to people with mental illness and tailored as needed to address the unique issues this population faces.



So why aren't we treating tobacco use in these settings?

- Treatment providers see smoking as less of a priority than other presenting problems
- Culture of acceptability among treatment providers
- Lack the necessary knowledge about tobacco addiction, the relation between tobacco use and mental illness, and cessation treatments. This leads to:
 - > Reduced confidence in their abilities to deliver cessation treatments
 - > Limited knowledge about the interactions between nicotine and psychiatric medications
 - > Failure to address tobacco use on the treatment plan
- Employees working in behavioral health settings have high smoking rates (between 30% to 50%)



Reasons to treat tobacco use:

- Tobacco use kills half of our patients
- Tobacco use disorder is in the DSM
- Tobacco use has a negative impact on behavioral health treatment



http://blog.doctoroz.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/01/011713PapSmear.jpg

- Tobacco use intervention is consistent with behavioral health care mission – we are missing an important opportunity to enhance lifelong health of our consumers
- And...evidenced-based interventions already exist!





What works in tobacco control?

- Organizational-level policy initiatives that create and enforce tobacco-free work environments to promote smoke-free norms and eliminate exposure to environmental tobacco smoke (ETS),
- Individual-level interventions that entail the provision of psychopharmacology and behavioral counseling to support tobacco cessation,
- Community-level interventions that involve the facilitation of broader, grassroots support for tobacco-free living.

Comprehensive approaches to tobacco control allow greater reach and have a larger impact on population health than mono-component strategies, likely due to a simultaneous focus on multiple ecological systems that can influence behavior change.



Guest Speaker #2



Cho Lam, Ph.D.

Co-Project Director, Taking Texas Tobacco Free Research Associate Professor, Department of Population Health Science Huntsman Cancer Institute & University of Utah Health Science Center

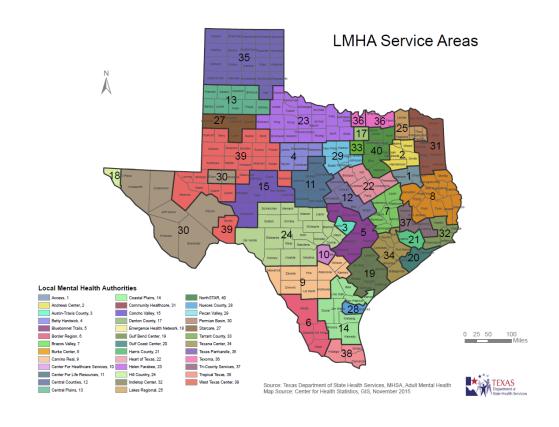


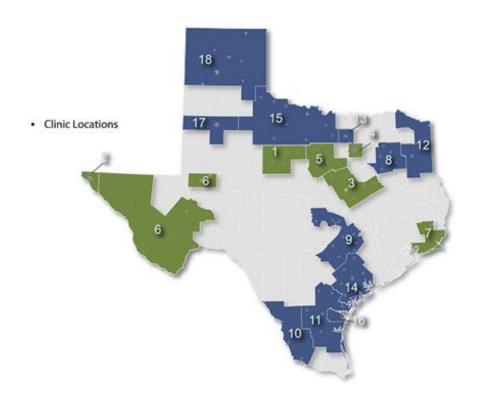






How is behavioral health care provided in Texas?









Taking Texas Tobacco Free (TTTF)

- TTTF is a multi-pronged Tobacco-Free Workplace Program
- Funded by the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas
- Assist 18 LMHAs, which oversees over 250 behavioral health centers across Texas
- TTTF provides the following different components to help LMHAs to implement and sustain a Tobacco-Free Workplace Program
 - > Training and education
 - > Consultation
 - > Policy assistance
 - > Treatment resources
 - > Practical guidance



Training and Education

- Education for all LMHA employees
 - > Hazards of smoking
 - > High prevalence of tobacco use among people with behavioral health disorders
 - > High burden of chronic illness borne by people with behavioral health disorders
- Training for clinical providers
 - > Tobacco use assessment
 - > Evidence-based treatments (e.g., 5 As)
- Certified Tobacco Treatment Specialists training (5-day workshop)
- Motivational Interviewing training (1-day workshop)
- Tobacco cessation pharmacotherapies training (2-day workshop)



Consultation, Policy Assistance

- Planning/information sessions for all LMHAs
- Memorandum of understanding regarding project participation

PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS

Participating LMHA Agrees To The Following:

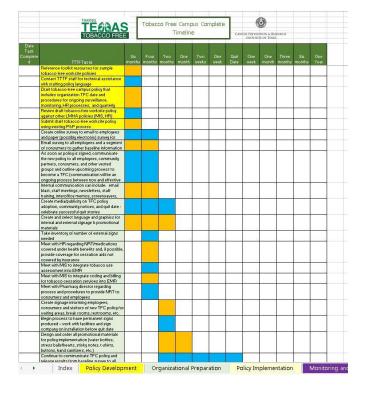
- Identify one (or more) internal employee/s who will work as a project manager/clinic champion and collaborate closely with the project team to implement the policy and training required to take the LMHA tobacco free.
- Make employees (including physicians) available for our training program.
- Make all employees available for re-training, as necessary.
- Integrate regular Tobacco use Assessments (TUA) into the consumer assessment process with the help of the project team, so that tobacco screening is occurring at every consumer contact.
- Develop and implement a tobacco free campus policy that includes electronic cigarettes.
- Set an organization "Quit Date" and go tobacco free on that date.
- Have a fully implemented multi-component Tobacco-Free Workplace Program in place by the end
 of the implementation period.
- Agree to include to bacco education at all new employee orientations.
- Share generic organizational level TUA data on staff and consumers.
- Make available the Nicotine Replacement Therapies (NRT's) provided through the grant to staff and consumers.
- Work with the project team to identify ongoing sources of funding to support the provision of NRT for consumers and employees.
- Participate in all aspects of the grant elements (i.e., training, consultation, technical assistance, NRT's, data collection, followup).
- Properly record and regularly provide data to the project team that is essential to the evaluation strategy and continue to monitor these factors beyond the grant funding period.
- Maintain one or more clinic champions for the program in each clinic beyond the funding period to serve as a consultant and to devote a portion of service time to sustainability maintenance.
- Make TUAs and to bacco use cessation resources an ongoing change to their systems that will
 persist beyond the grant funding period.
- Work with project team to develop a strategy for including community stakeholders in training and in ongoing communication.



Consultation, Policy Assistance

- Planning/information sessions for all LMHAs
- Memorandum of understanding regarding project participation
- Using Dropbox, TTTF created a digital repository that allows LMHA staff access to resources on tobacco education, tobacco cessation, and tobacco-free workplace policy

🝌 Behavioral Intervention Tobacco Cessation	3/25/2015 11:02 AM	File folder
📗 Chantix Articles	3/6/2015 4:14 PM	File folder
📙 Clinicians Resources	4/1/2015 1:00 PM	File folder
📙 Early Childhood Interventions - SHS Infor	3/6/2015 4:16 PM	File folder
📙 Electronic Cigarette Research	3/6/2015 4:16 PM	File folder
📙 Integrating Tobacco Cessation	3/6/2015 4:15 PM	File folder
Multi Unit Housing Policy Information	3/6/2015 4:15 PM	File folder
📙 National Conf on Tobacco & Behavioral	3/6/2015 4:16 PM	File folder
📙 QuitLine print media	3/6/2015 4:15 PM	File folder
📙 Sample No Hire Policies	3/24/2015 8:19 AM	File folder
🖟 Sample signage	3/6/2015 4:14 PM	File folder
📙 Sample TFC policies	3/6/2015 4:14 PM	File folder
▼ TFC Toolkits	4/8/2015 11:56 AM	File folder
Training Presentations	3/6/2015 4:16 PM	File folder
🖟 Treating Tobacco Dependence in Mental	4/8/2015 11:56 AM	File folder







Consultation, Policy Assistance

- Planning/information sessions for all LMHAs
- Memorandum of understanding regarding project participation
- Using Dropbox, TTTF created a digital repository that allows LMHA staff access to resources on tobacco education, tobacco cessation, and tobacco-free workplace policy
- Before tobacco-free workplace program implementation, site visit to meet with the LMHA executive team to discuss concerns and work with the team to plan for implementation



Treatment Resources and Practical Guidance

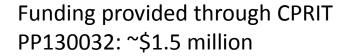
- Nicotine replacement therapy (patch and gum)
- Evidence-based tobacco cessation treatment training
- Online tobacco cessation resources
- After implementation, regular site visits to meet with LMHA staff to discuss progress and provide practical guidance



TTTF goal

- Prevent cancer by helping tobacco-using Texans receiving behavioral health care services, as well as those associated with their care, become tobacco-free and reduce their exposure to secondhand smoke.
- Achieve this goal through:
 - > Development and implementation of tobacco-free workplace policies
 - > Offering tobacco treatment education and training, including specialized training
 - > Integration of tobacco use assessment and tobacco treatment services into clinical practice
 - > Extending outward to provide community education and outreach









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Cohort 1 18 Clinic Locations Map LHMA Clinical Staff Total Number Location Site Location **Trainings** Trainings of Staff Trained Betty Hardwick Center (Abilene) Emergence Health Network (El Paso) 431 303 Heart of Texas Region (Waco) 17 🍵 Metrocare Services (Dallas) 559 Pecan Valley Centers (Granbury) 183 Permian Basin Centers (Midland/Odessa) 207 Spindletop Center (Beaumont) 411 Total of Cohort 1 2272 Cohort 2 Map LHMA General Staff Clinical Staff Total Number of Staff Trained Location Site Location Trainings Trainings Andrew's Center (Tyler) 130 124 Bluebonnet Traits Center (Round Rock) Border Region Center (Laredo) 220 Coastal Plains Center (Portland) 151 Community Healthcore (Longview) 12 292 Denton County (Denton)

117

260

218

382

248

18 LMHAs have implemented 100% tobacco-free campus policy

These LMHAs serve over half of all counties in Texas

Gulf Bend Center (Victoria)

Starcare Centers (Lubbock)

Total Cohort 2

Helen Farabee Center (Wichita Falls)

Texas Panhandle Center (Amarillo)

Nueces County (Corpus Christi)

 Over 5,000 staff and 150,000 consumers have been protected from tobacco smoke exposure





NICOTINE REPLACEMENT THERAPY

- Provision of "starter" NRT
 - > Distributed for free to consumers and staff
 - > Over \$15,000 to each LMHA
- Over 13,000 boxes of nicotine patch and gum were distributed

















SIGNAGE ASSISTANCE

- Over \$1,000 per center to offset cost to create tobacco-free campus signage
- Provided examples of signage and suggested wording







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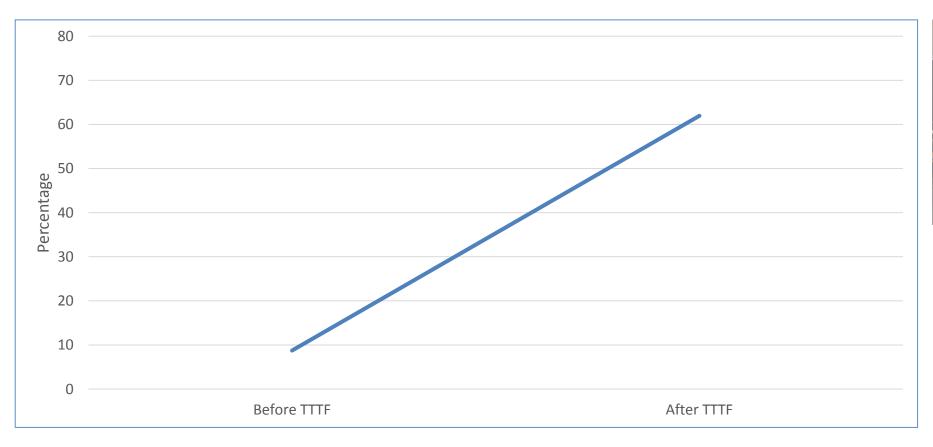




- Over 5,900 employees and clinical providers have attended the general tobacco education, tobacco assessment and treatment training, or both
- Over 200 clinical providers have attended the 1-day Motivational Interviewing workshop
- Over 75 clinical providers have attended the 2-day tobacco cessation pharmacotherapies workshop
- Over 60 clinical providers have attended the 5-day Certified Tobacco Specialist workshop



Offering Tobacco Treatment Education and Training Tobacco Use Assessment Training

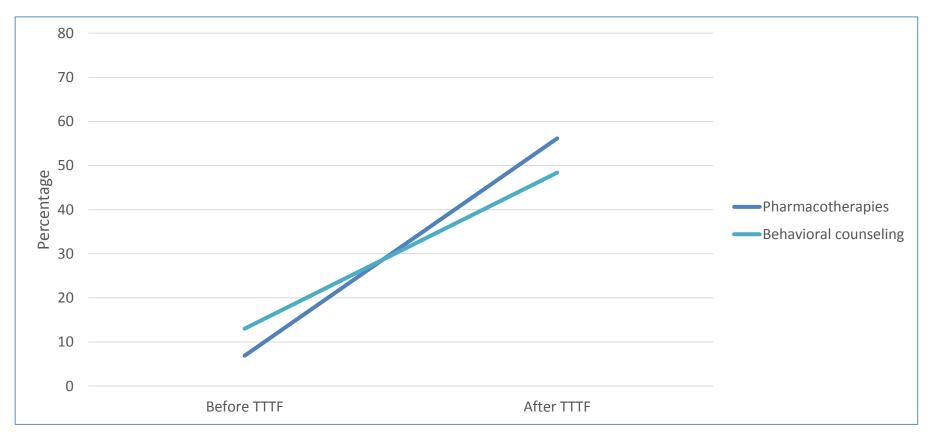








Offering Tobacco Treatment Education and Training Use of Evidence-based Tobacco Cessation Treatments







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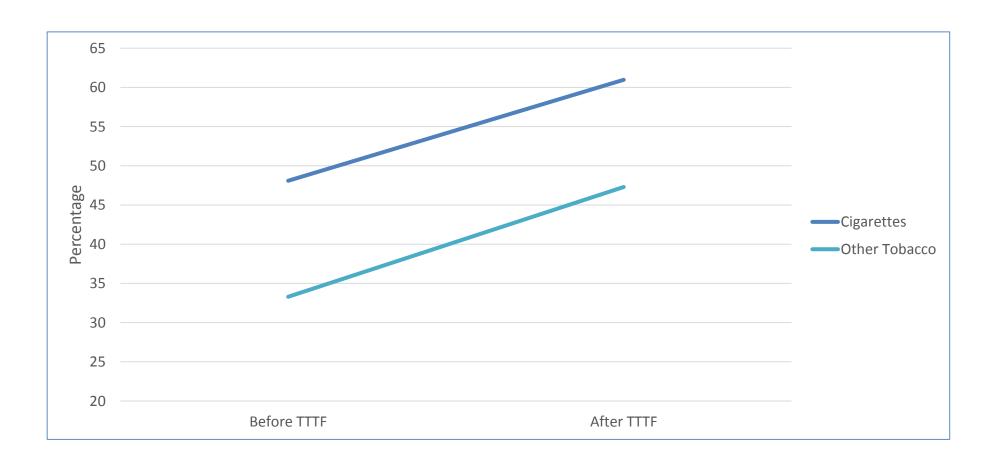
Evidence-Based Treatments

- 5 As Ask, Advise, Assess, Assist, Arrange to follow up
- Nicotine replacement therapy
- Non-nicotine based medications (e.g., Chantix)



Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice

Ask Consumers about Their Tobacco Use



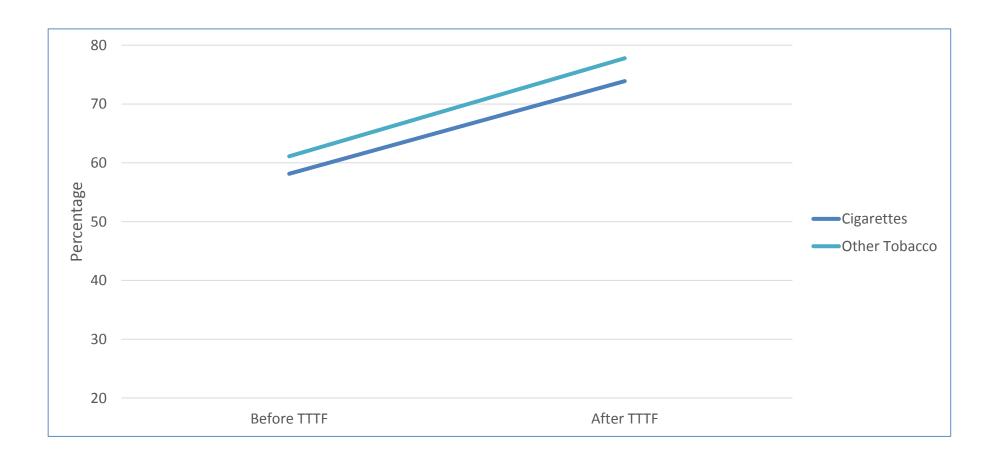


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Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice *Advise Consumers to Quit*



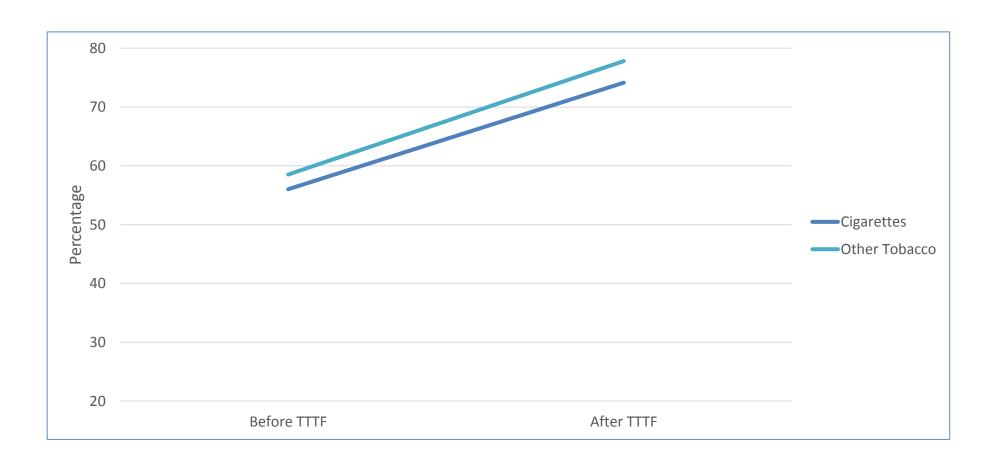


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Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice Assess Consumers' Willingness to Make A Quit Attempt



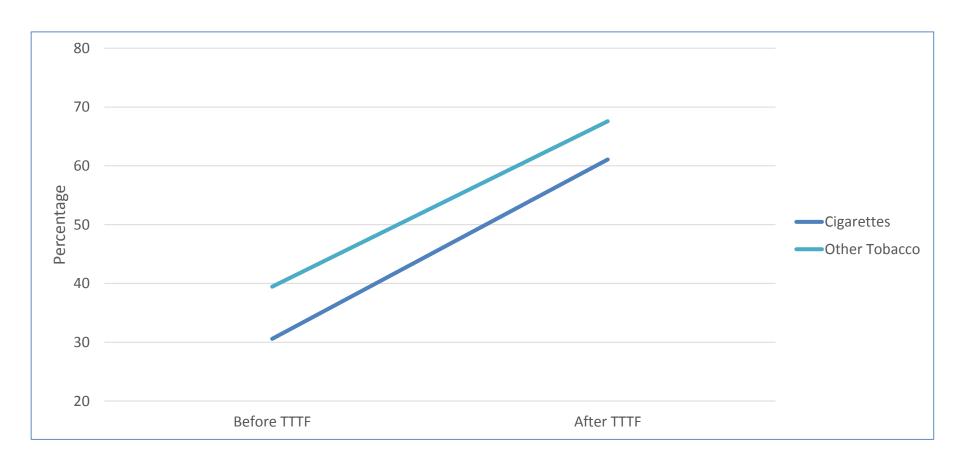


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Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice Assist – Provide Treatments or Make A Referral for Treatment



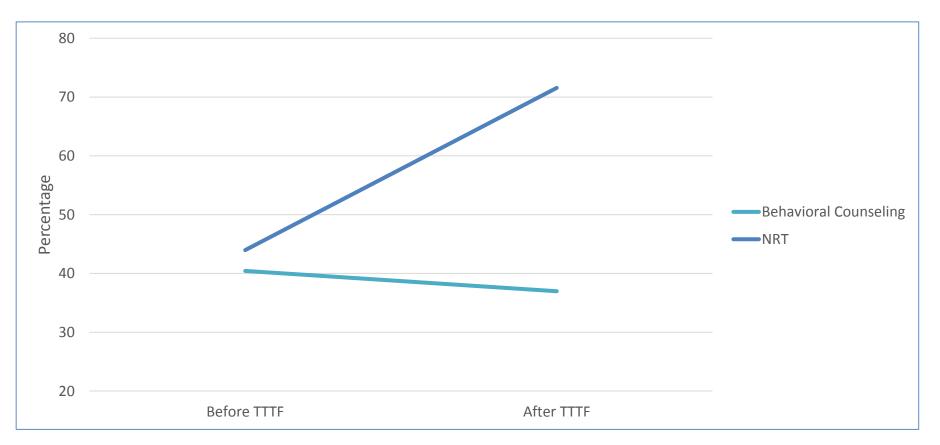


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Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice Types of Cessation Treatments Provided by Clinical Staff





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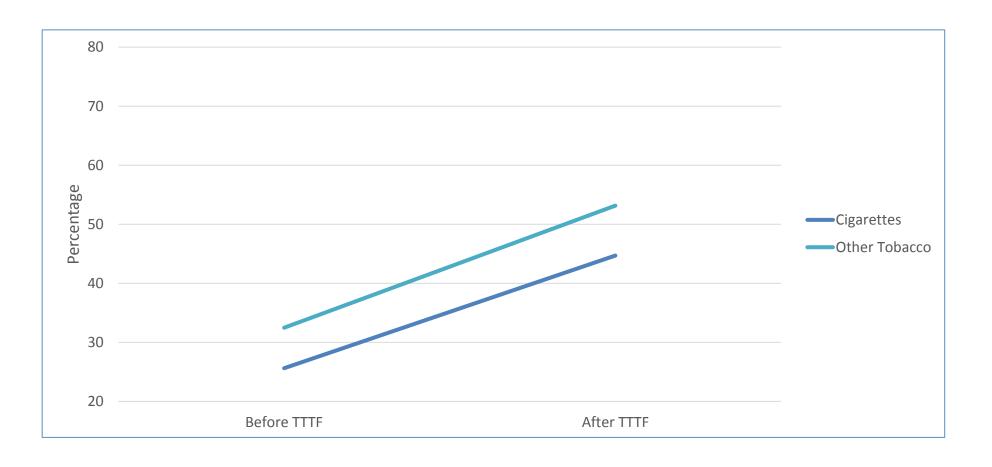


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Integrating Tobacco Assessment and Treatment into Clinical Practice Arrange to Follow Up to Assess Quit Progress





https://www.nysmokefree.com/ CME/CME1Images/5As.jpg





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We estimated that we have reached over 117,000 individuals through various

channels of community education and outreach

> Distribution of tobacco cessation leaflets and brochures















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 - > Distribution of tobacco cessation leaflets and brochures
 - > Health and wellness fairs









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 - > Tobacco-free anniversary announcements in local newspaper









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 - > Distribution of tobacco cessation leaflets and brochures
 - > Health and wellness fairs
 - > Tobacco-free anniversary announcement in local newspapers
 - > Facebook (https://www.facebook.com/TakingTexasTobaccoFree/)
 - > Tobacco cessation videos on YouTube (https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC3bYTjR1f0oqmWJTBlyv89g)
 - > TTTF website (<u>www.takingtexastobaccofree.com</u>)
 - > Professional conferences and workshops



Guest Speakers #3 and #4



Timothy Stacey, MS, LPC
Austin Travis County Integral Care
Tobacco Cessation Specialist, Taking Texas Tobacco Free



Bryce Kyburz, MA

Austin Travis County Integral Care

Project Manager, Taking Texas Tobacco Free





Capacity Building and Sustainability

- Staff training should be cornerstone of capacity building
 - > Provide training for <u>all</u> staff on tobacco dependence and resources to quit tobacco
 - Provide specialized training for specific staff to increase institutional expertise
 - Motivational Interviewing training for clinical staff
 - > Incorporate tobacco dependence education, administering TUAs, and resources to help people quit tobacco into new employee orientation
 - > Embed a clinic champion/s into centers to continue training beyond funding period





Capacity Building continued

- Encourage staff to participate in webinars, online in-service training, and attend conferences and symposiums on tobacco dependence
 - > Extend training opportunities to peer counselors
- Reach out to community partners to provide training and technical assistance to their staff
- Make free online print materials and resources readily available to clinical staff and accessible to consumers



Capacity Building and Sustainability

- Quality assurance and program improvement should be cornerstone of sustainability
 - > Develop processes to audit charts to ensure TUA are administered and treatment services being provided
 - Implement improvement plans for staff who are not meeting expectations
 - Environmental scan of facilities to ensure tobacco-free campus policy is enforced
 - > Line item budget for tobacco treatment services
 - Medication, training, facilities, print materials, etc.
 - Integrate tobacco treatment into all levels of service responsibility of all clinicians to address tobacco use
 - > Review processes on regular basis and adjust or enhance services based on consumer need or organization's capacity



Successes and Lessons From the Field

- Executive leadership is vital support must come from the top
- Identify project champion(s) and develop task forces to achieve goals
 - > Seek diverse membership for task forces smokers/non-smokers,
 - clinical/administrative staff, in-patient/out-patient care units
 - > Keep tobacco treatment and tobacco-free policy relevant
- Communication with staff and consumers/clients
 is essential be as transparent and open as possible
 - > Communicate early and often
- Provide resources to help people quit using tobacco
- Celebrate successes and be willing to improve practice





Future Efforts for TTTF

- Presently working with 4 community behavioral health centers
 - Offer technical assistance and consultation
 - Provide video conference training to staff
 - Create tobacco education videos (<u>www.takingtexastobaccofree.com/videos</u>)
 - Develop comprehensive tobacco-free workplace implementation guide
 - Enhancing website and online resource guides
- Hope to work with substance abuse facilities across Texas (2017)





Taking Texas Tobacco Free on Social Media







facebook.com/takingtexastobaccofree



youtube.com/channel/UC3bYTjR1f0oqmWJTBIyv89g





Contact the TTTF Team

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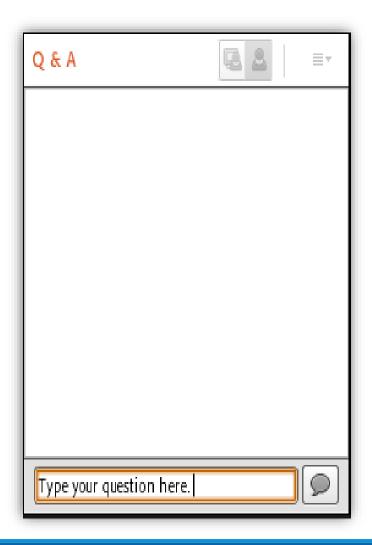
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Questions? Please contact Krystle Canare at KrystleC@thenationalcouncil.org.

